

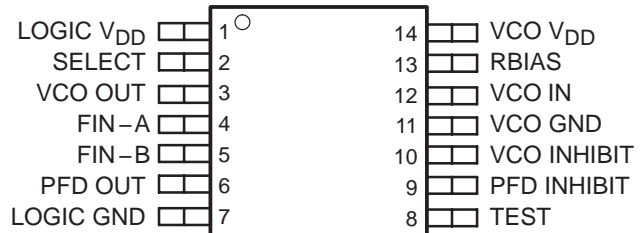
TLC2932A HIGH PERFORMANCE PHASE LOCKED LOOP

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- **VCO (Voltage-Controlled Oscillator):**
 - Complete Oscillator Using Only One External Bias Resistor (RBIAS)
 - Lock Frequency:
 - 13 MHz to 32 MHz (VDD = 3 V ±5%,
T_A = –20°C to 75°C, x1 Output)
 - 13 MHz to 35 MHz (VDD = 3.3 V ±5%,
T_A = –20°C to 75°C, x1 Output)
 - 15 MHz to 55 MHz (VDD = 5 V ±5%,
T_A = –20°C to 75°C, x1 Output)
 - Selectable Output Frequency
- **PFD (Phase Frequency Detector):**
High Speed, Edge-Triggered Detector with Internal Charge Pump

- Independent VCO, PFD Power-Down Mode
- Thin Small-Outline Package (14 Terminal)
- CMOS Technology
- Pin Compatible TLC2932IPW

14-PIN TSOP (PW PACKAGE)
(TOP VIEW)



description

The TLC2932A is designed for phase-locked loop (PLL) systems and is composed of a voltage-controlled oscillator (VCO) and an edge-triggered type phase frequency detector (PFD). The oscillation frequency range of the VCO is set by an external bias resistor (R_{BIA}S). The VCO has a 1/2 frequency divider at the output stage. The high speed PFD with internal charge pump detects the phase difference between the reference frequency input and signal frequency input from the external counter. Both the VCO and the PFD have inhibit functions, which can be used as power-down mode. Due to the TLC2932A high speed and stable oscillation capability, the TLC2932A is suitable for use as a high-performance PLL.

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

| T _A | PACKAGE |
|----------------|--------------------|
| | SMALL OUTLINE (PW) |
| –20°C to 75°C | TLC2932AIPW |



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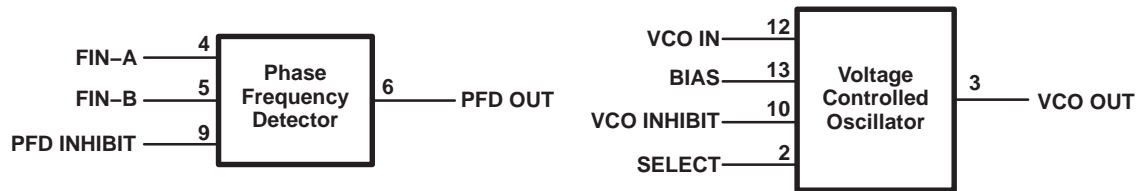
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functional block diagram



Terminal Functions

| TERMINAL NAME | NO. | I/O | DESCRIPTION |
|---------------------|-----|-----|---|
| LOGIC VDD | 1 | | Power supply for the internal logic. This power supply should be separated from VCO V _{DD} to reduce cross-coupling between supplies. |
| SELECT | 2 | I | VCO output frequency select. When SELECT is high, the VCO output frequency is $\times 1/2$ and when low. The output frequency is $\times 1$. |
| VCO OUT | 3 | O | VCO output. When the VCO INHIBIT is high, VCO output is low. |
| FIN-A | 4 | I | Input reference frequency $f_{(REF IN)}$ is applied to FIN-A. |
| FIN-B | 5 | I | Input for VCO external counter output frequency $f_{(FIN-B)}$. FIN-B is nominally provided from the external counter. |
| PFD OUT | 6 | O | PFD output. When the PFD INHIBIT is high, PFD output is in the high-impedance state. |
| LOGIC GND | 7 | | GND for the internal logic. |
| TEST | 8 | | Connect to GND. |
| PFD INHIBIT | 9 | I | PFD inhibit control. When PFD INHIBIT is high, PFD output is in the high-impedance state. |
| VCO INHIBIT | 10 | I | VCO inhibit control. When VCO INHIBIT is high, VCO output is low. |
| VCO GND | 11 | | GND for VCO. |
| VCO IN | 12 | I | VCO control voltage input. Nominally the external loop filter output connects to VCO IN to control VCO oscillation frequency. |
| RBIAS | 13 | I | Bias supply. An external resistor (R_{BIAS}) between VCO V _{DD} and RBIAS supplies bias for adjusting the oscillation frequency range. |
| VCO V _{DD} | 14 | | Power supply for VCO. This power supply should be separated from LOGIC V _{DD} to reduce cross-coupling between supplies. |

detailed description

VCO oscillation frequency

The VCO oscillation frequency is determined by an external register (R_{BIAS}) connected between the VCO V_{DD} and the BIAS terminals. The oscillation frequency and range depends on this resistor value. For the lock frequency range refer to the recommended operating conditions. Figure 1 shows the typical frequency variation and VCO control voltage.

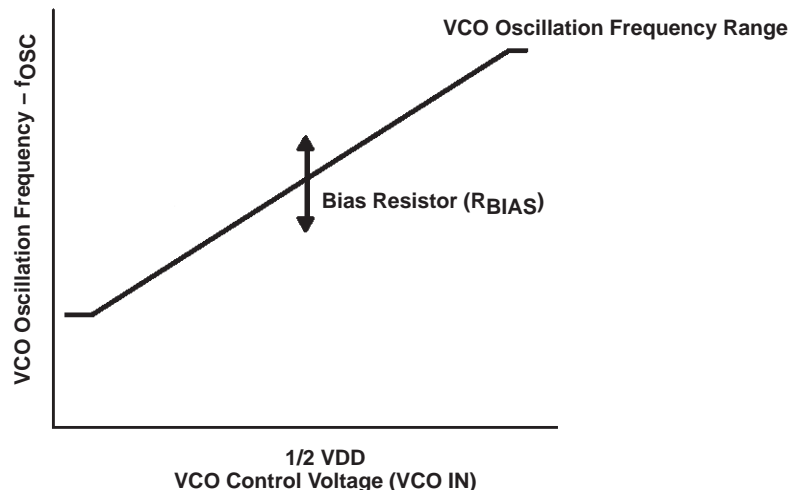


Figure 1. Oscillation Frequency

VCO output frequency 1/2 divider

The TLC2932A SELECT terminal sets the f_{OSC} VCO output frequency as shown in Table 1. The $1/2 f_{OSC}$ output should be used for minimum VCO output jitter.

Table 1. VCO Output 1/2 Divider Function

| SELECT | VCO OUTPUT |
|--------|---------------|
| Low | f_{OSC} |
| High | $1/2 f_{OSC}$ |

VCO inhibit function

The VCO has an externally controlled inhibit function which inhibit the VCO output. A high level on the VCO INHIBIT terminal stops the VCO oscillation and powers down the VCO. The output maintains a low level during the power-down mode as shown in Table 2.

Table 2. VCO Inhibit Function

| VCO INHIBIT | VCO OSCILLATOR | VCO OUT | $I_{DD}(VCO)$ |
|-------------|----------------|-----------|---------------|
| Low | Active | Active | Normal |
| High | Stopped | Low level | Power Down |

PFD operation

The PFD is a high-speed, edge-triggered detector with an internal charge pump. The PFD detects the phase difference between two frequency inputs supplied to FIN-A and FIN-B as shown in Figure 2. Normally the reference is supplied to FIN-A and the frequency from the external counter output is fed to FIN-B. For clock recovery PLL system, other types of phase detectors should be used.

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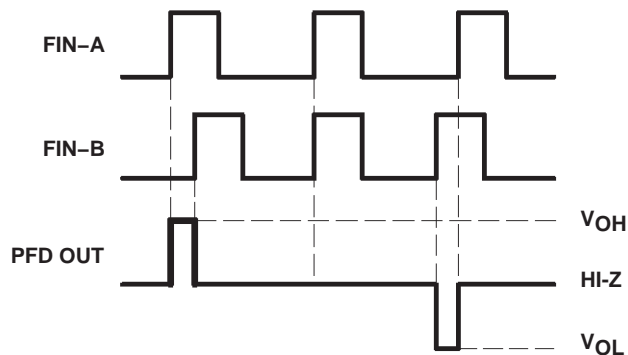


Figure 2. PFD Function Timing Chart

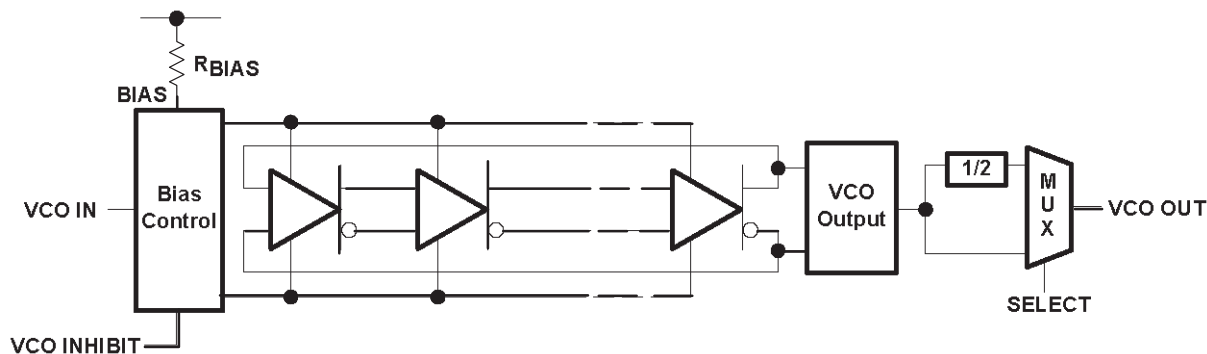
PFD inhibit control

A high level on the PFD INHIBIT terminal places PFD OUT in the high-impedance state and the PFD stops phase detection as shown in Table 3. A high level on the PFD INHIBIT terminal can also be used as the power-down mode for the PFD.

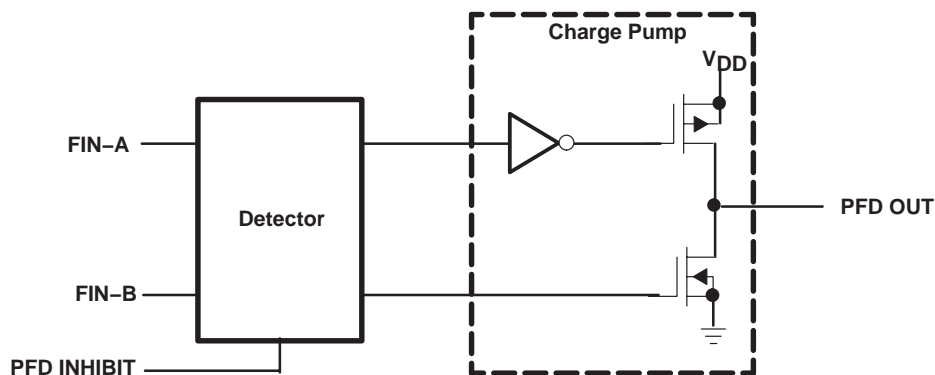
Table 3. VCO Output Control Function

| PFD INHIBIT | DETECTION | PFD OUT | I _{DD} (PFD) |
|-------------|-----------|---------|-----------------------|
| Low | Active | Active | Normal |
| High | Stopped | Hi-Z | Power Down |

VCO block schematic



PFD block schematic



absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

| | |
|---|----------------------------|
| Supply voltage (each supply), V_{DD} (see Note 1) | 7 V |
| Input voltage range (each input), V_{IN} (see Note 1) | -0.5 V to $V_{DD} + 0.5$ V |
| Input current (each input), I_{IN} | ± 20 mA |
| Output current (each output), I_O | ± 20 mA |
| Operating free-air temperature range, T_A | -20°C to 75°C |
| Storage temperature range, T_{Stg} | -65°C to 150°C |

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. All voltages are with respect to GND.
2. For operation above 25°C free-air temperature, derate linearly at the rate of 5.6 mW/°C.

recommended operating conditions

| PARAMETERS | | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|--|------------------|-------|-----|----------|------------|
| Supply voltage (each supply, see Note 3) | $V_{DD} = 3$ V | 2.85 | 3 | 3.15 | V |
| | $V_{DD} = 3.3$ V | 3.135 | 3.3 | 3.465 | |
| | $V_{DD} = 5$ V | 4.75 | 5 | 5.25 | |
| Input voltage, (inputs except VCO IN) | | 0 | | V_{DD} | V |
| Output current, (each output) | | 0 | | ± 2 | mA |
| VCO control voltage at VCO IN | | 0.9 | | V_{DD} | V |
| Lock frequency | $V_{DD} = 3$ V | 13 | | 32 | MHz |
| | $V_{DD} = 3.3$ V | 13 | | 35 | |
| | $V_{DD} = 5$ V | 15 | | 55 | |
| Bias Resistor | $V_{DD} = 3$ V | 2.2 | | 5.1 | k Ω |
| | $V_{DD} = 3.3$ V | 2.2 | | 5.1 | |
| | $V_{DD} = 5$ V | 2.2 | | 5.1 | |

NOTE 3: It is recommended that the logic supply terminal (LOGIC V_{DD}) and the VCO supply terminal (VCO V_{DD}) should be at the same voltage and separated from each other.

electrical characteristics, $V_{DD} = 3$ V, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

VCO section

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT | |
|----------------------|--|-----------------------|------|-----|---------|---------------|
| V_{OH} | High level output voltage | $I_{OH} = -2$ mA | 2.4 | | V | |
| V_{OL} | Low level output voltage | $I_{OL} = 2$ mA | | 0.3 | V | |
| V_{TH} | Input threshold voltage at select, VCO inhibit | | 0.9 | 1.5 | 2.1 | V |
| I_I | Input current at Select, VCO inhibit | $V_I = V_{DD}$ or GND | | | ± 1 | μA |
| $Z_I(\text{VCON})$ | VCO IN input impedance | VCO IN = $1/2 V_{DD}$ | | 10 | | M Ω |
| $I_{DD}(\text{INH})$ | VCO supply current (inhibit) | See Note 4 | 0.35 | 1 | | μA |
| $I_{DD}(\text{VCO})$ | VCO supply current | See Note 5 | 8.4 | 17 | | mA |

- NOTES: 4. Current into VCO V_{DD} , when VCO INHIBIT = high, PFD is inhibited.
5. Current into VCO V_{DD} , when VCO IN = $1/2 V_{DD}$, $R_{BIAS} = 3.3$ k Ω , VCOOUT = 15-pF Load, VCO INHIBIT = GND, and PFD INHIBIT = GND.

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electrical characteristics, $V_{DD} = 3\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted) (continued)

PFD section

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|----------------------|--|---|-----|-----|--------------------------|
| V_{OH} | High level output voltage | $I_{OH} = -2\text{ mA}$ | | | V |
| V_{OL} | Low level output voltage | $I_{OL} = 2\text{ mA}$ | | | V |
| I_{OZ} | High impedance state output current | PFD inhibit = high, $V_O = V_{DD}$ or GND | | | ± 1 μA |
| V_{IH} | High level input voltage at Fin-A, Fin-B | 2.1 | | | V |
| V_{IL} | Low level input voltage at Fin-A, Fin-B | 0.5 | | | V |
| V_{TH} | Input threshold voltage at PFD inhibit | 0.9 | 1.5 | 2.1 | |
| C_{IN} | Input capacitance at Fin-A, Fin-B | 5.6 | | | pF |
| Z_{IN} | Input impedance at Fin-A, Fin-B | 10 | | | $M\Omega$ |
| $I_{DD}(Z)$ | High impedance state PFD supply current | See Note 6 | | | 1 μA |
| $I_{DD}(\text{PFD})$ | PFD supply current | See Note 7 | | | 3 mA |

NOTES: 6. The current into LOGIC V_{DD} when FIN-A and FIN-B = ground, PFD INHIBIT = V_{DD} , PFD OUT open, and VCO OUT is inhibited.
7. The current into LOGIC V_{DD} when FIN-A = 1 MHz and FIN-B = 1 MHz ($V_{I(PP)} = 3\text{ V}$, rectangular wave), PFD INHIBIT = GND, PFD OUT open, and VCO OUT is inhibited.

operation characteristics, $V_{DD} = 3\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

VCO section

| Parameter | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|---------------------|---|---|-----|-----|---------------------|
| f_{OSC} | Operation oscillation frequency | $R_{BIAS} = 3.3\text{ k}\Omega$, VCO IN = $1/2 V_{DD}$ | | | MHz |
| f_{STB} | Time to stable oscillation (see Note 8) | | | | 10 μs |
| t_r | Rise time | $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ | | | 9 14 ns |
| t_f | Fall time | $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ | | | 7.6 12 ns |
| | Duty cycle at VCO OUT | $R_{BIAS} = 3.3\text{ k}\Omega$, VCO IN = $1/2 V_{DD}$ | | | 45% 50% 55% |
| $\alpha (f_{OSC})$ | Temperature coefficient of oscillation frequency | VCO IN = $1/2 V_{DD}$, $T_A = -20^\circ\text{C}$ to 75°C | | | -0.264 %/°C |
| k_{SVS} (fosc) | Supply voltage coefficient of oscillation frequency | VCO IN = $1/2 V_{DD}$, $V_{DD} = 4.75\text{ V}$ to 5.25 V | | | 0.004 %/mV |
| | Jitter absolute (see Note 9) | PLL jitter, N = 128 | | | 325 ps |

NOTES: 8. The time period to the stable VCO oscillation frequency after the VCO INHIBIT terminal is changed to a low level.
9. Jitter performance is highly dependent on circuit layout and external device characteristics. The jitter specification was made with a carefully designed PCB with no device socket.

PFD section

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------|---|----------------------|-----|-----|-----------------|
| f_{max} | Maximum operation frequency | 17 | | | MH |
| t_{PLZ} | PFD output disable time from low level | 22 | | | 50 ns |
| t_{PHZ} | PFD output disable time from high level | 21 | | | 50 ns |
| t_{PZL} | PFD output enable time to low level | 6.5 | | | 30 ns |
| t_{PZH} | PFD output enable time to high level | 7 | | | 30 ns |
| t_r | Rise time | $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ | | | 3.4 10 ns |
| t_f | Fall time | $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ | | | 1.9 10 ns |



electrical characteristics, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

VCO section

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|----------------------|--|-------------------------|------|------|---------|------------------|
| V_{OH} | High level output voltage | $I_{OH} = -2\text{ mA}$ | 2.64 | | | V |
| V_{OL} | Low level output voltage | $I_{OL} = 2\text{ mA}$ | | | 0.33 | V |
| V_{TH} | Input threshold voltage at select, VCO inhibit | | 1.05 | 1.65 | 2.25 | V |
| I_I | Input current at Select, VCO inhibit | $V_I = V_{DD}$ or GND | | | ± 1 | μA |
| $Z_I(\text{VCON})$ | VCO IN input impedance | VCO IN = $1/2 V_{DD}$ | | 10 | | $\text{M}\Omega$ |
| $I_{DD}(\text{INH})$ | VCO supply current (inhibit) | See Note 10 | | 0.38 | 1 | μA |
| $I_{DD}(\text{VCO})$ | VCO supply current | See Note 11 | | 10.8 | 22 | mA |

NOTES: 10. Current into VCO V_{DD} , when VCO INHIBIT = high, PFD is inhibited.

11. Current into VCO V_{DD} , when VCO IN = $1/2 V_{DD}$, $R_{BIAS} = 3.3\text{ k}\Omega$, VCOOUT = 15-pF Load, VCO INHIBIT = GND, and PFD INHIBIT = GND.

PFD section

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|----------------------|--|---|------|------|---------|------------------|
| V_{OH} | High level output voltage | $I_{OH} = -2\text{ mA}$ | 2.97 | | | V |
| V_{OL} | Low level output voltage | $I_{OL} = 2\text{ mA}$ | | | 0.2 | V |
| I_{OZ} | High impedance state output current | PFD inhibit = high, $V_O = V_{DD}$ or GND | | | ± 1 | μA |
| V_{IH} | High level input voltage at Fin-A, Fin-B | | 2.1 | | | V |
| V_{IL} | Low level input voltage at Fin-A, Fin-B | | | | 0.5 | V |
| V_{TH} | Input threshold voltage at PFD inhibit | | 1.05 | 1.65 | 2.25 | |
| C_{IN} | Input capacitance at Fin-A, Fin-B | | | 5.6 | | pF |
| Z_{IN} | Input impedance at Fin-A, Fin-B | | | 10 | | $\text{M}\Omega$ |
| $I_{DD}(Z)$ | High impedance state PFD supply current | See Note 12 | | | 1 | μA |
| $I_{DD}(\text{PFD})$ | PFD supply current | See Note 13 | | | 3 | mA |

NOTES: 12. The current into LOGIC V_{DD} when FIN-A and FIN-B = ground, PFD INHIBIT = V_{DD} , PFD OUT open, and VCO OUT is inhibited.

13. The current into LOGIC V_{DD} when FIN-A = 1 MHz and FIN-B = 1 MHz ($V_{I(\text{PP})} = 3.3\text{ V}$, rectangular wave), PFD INHIBIT = GND, PFD OUT open, and VCO OUT is inhibited.

operation characteristics, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

VCO section

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|----------------------------------|---|---|-----|------------|-----|---------------------|
| f_{OSC} | Operation oscillation frequency | $R_{BIAS} = 3.3\text{ k}\Omega$, VCO IN = $1/2 V_{DD}$ | 18 | 30 | 43 | MHz |
| t_{stb} | Time to stable oscillation (see Note 14) | | | | 10 | μs |
| t_r | Rise time | $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ | | 8.5 | 14 | ns |
| t_f | Fall time | $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ | | 7.3 | 12 | ns |
| f_{DUTY} | Duty cycle at VCO OUT | $R_{BIAS} = 3.3\text{ k}\Omega$, VCO IN = $1/2 V_{DD}$ | 45 | 50 | 55 | % |
| $\alpha(f_{\text{OSC}})$ | Temperature coefficient of oscillation frequency | VCO IN = $1/2 V_{DD}$, $T_A = -20^\circ\text{C}$ to 75°C | | -0.28 7 | | $\%/^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $k_{\text{SVS}}(f_{\text{OSC}})$ | Supply voltage coefficient of oscillation frequency | VCO IN = $1/2 V_{DD}$, $V_{DD} = 4.75\text{ V}$ to 5.25 V | | 0.004 | | $\%/m\text{V}$ |
| | Jitter absolute (see Note 15) | PLL jitter, N = 128 | | 245 | | ps |

NOTES: 14. The time period to the stable VCO oscillation frequency after the VCO INHIBIT terminal is changed to a low level.

15. Jitter performance is highly dependent on circuit layout and external device characteristics. The jitter specification was made with a carefully deigned PCB with no device socket.

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operation characteristics, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted) (continued)

PFD section

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------|---|----------------------|-----|-----|------|
| f_{max} | Maximum operation frequency | 22 | | | MHz |
| t_{PLZ} | PFD output disable time from low level | | 21 | 50 | ns |
| t_{PHZ} | PFD output disable time from high level | | 21 | 50 | ns |
| t_{PZL} | PFD output enable time to low level | | 5.8 | 30 | ns |
| t_{PZH} | PFD output enable time to high level | | 6.2 | 30 | ns |
| t_r | Rise time | $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ | 3 | 10 | ns |
| t_f | Fall time | $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ | 1.7 | 10 | ns |

electrical characteristics, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

VCO section

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT | |
|----------------------|--|---------------------------|------|---------|---------------|---|
| V_{OH} | High level output voltage | $I_{OH} = -2\text{ mA}$ | 4 | | V | |
| V_{OL} | Low level output voltage | $I_{OL} = 2\text{ mA}$ | | 0.5 | V | |
| V_{TH} | Input threshold voltage at select, VCO inhibit | | 1.5 | 2.5 | 3.5 | V |
| I_I | Input current at Select, VCO inhibit | $V_I = V_{DD}$ or GND | | ± 1 | μA | |
| $Z_I(\text{VCOIN})$ | VCO IN input impedance | $V_{CO\ IN} = 1/2 V_{DD}$ | 10 | | M(Ω) | |
| $I_{DD}(\text{inh})$ | VCO supply current (inhibit) | See Note 16 | 0.56 | 1 | μA | |
| $I_{DD}(\text{vco})$ | VCO supply current | See Note 17 | 28 | 50 | mA | |

NOTES: 16. Current into VCO V_{DD} , when VCO INHIBIT = high, PFD is inhibited.

17. Current into VCO V_{DD} , when VCO IN = $1/2 V_{DD}$, $R_{BIAS} = 3.3\text{ k}\Omega$, $V_{COOUT} = 15\text{-pF}$ Load, VCO INHIBIT = GND, and PFD INHIBIT = GND.

PFD section

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT | |
|----------------------|--|---|-----|---------|---------------|---|
| V_{OH} | High level output voltage | $I_{OH} = -2\text{ mA}$ | 4.5 | | V | |
| V_{OL} | Low level output voltage | $I_{OL} = 2\text{ mA}$ | | 0.2 | V | |
| I_{OZ} | High impedance state output current | PFD inhibit = high, $V_O = V_{DD}$ or GND | | ± 1 | μA | |
| V_{IH} | High level input voltage at Fin-A, Fin-B | | 4.5 | | V | |
| V_{IL} | Low level input voltage at Fin-A, Fin-B | | | 1 | V | |
| V_{TH} | Input threshold voltage at PFD inhibit | | 1.5 | 2.5 | 3.5 | V |
| C_{IN} | Input capacitance at Fin-A, Fin-B | | 5.6 | | pF | |
| Z_{IN} | Input impedance at Fin-A, Fin-B | | 10 | | $M\Omega$ | |
| $I_{DD}(Z)$ | High impedance state PFD supply current | See Note 18 | | 1 | μA | |
| $I_{DD}(\text{PFD})$ | PFD supply current | See Note 19 | 0.5 | 3 | mA | |

NOTES: 18. The current into LOGIC V_{DD} when FIN-A and FIN-B = ground, PFD INHIBIT = V_{DD} , PFD OUT open, and VCO OUT is inhibited.

19. The current into LOGIC V_{DD} when FIN-A = 1 MHz and FIN-B = 1 MHz ($V_I(\text{PP}) = 5\text{ V}$, rectangular wave), PFD INHIBIT = GND, PFD OUT open, and VCO OUT is inhibited



operation characteristics, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

VCO section

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|--------------------|---|--|-----|--------|-----|---------------------|
| f_{OSC} | Operation oscillation frequency | $R_{BIAS} = 3.3\text{ k}\Omega$, $V_{CO\ IN} = 1/2\ V_{DD}$ | 37 | 57 | 75 | MHz |
| f_{STB} | Time to stable oscillation (see Note 20) | | | | 10 | us |
| t_r | Rise time | $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ | | 7.5 | 10 | ns |
| t_f | Fall time | $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ | | 6.4 | 10 | ns |
| f_{DUTY} | Duty cycle at VCO OUT | $R_{BIAS} = 3.3\text{ k}\Omega$, $V_{CO\ IN} = 1/2\ V_{DD}$ | 45% | 50% | 55% | |
| $\alpha (f_{OSC})$ | Temperature coefficient of oscillation frequency | $V_{CO\ IN} = 1/2\ V_{DD}$, $T_A = -20^\circ\text{C}$ to 75°C | | -0.346 | | %/ $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $k_{SVS}(f_{OSC})$ | Supply voltage coefficient of oscillation frequency | $V_{CO\ IN} = 1/2\ V_{DD}$, $V_{DD} = 4.75\text{ V}$ to 5.25 V | | 0.002 | | %/mV |
| | Jitter absolute (see Note 21) | PLL jitter, $N = 128$ | | 145 | | ps |

NOTES: 20. The time period to the stable VCO oscillation frequency after the VCO INHIBIT terminal is changed to a low level.

21. Jitter performance is highly dependent on circuit layout and external device characteristics. The jitter specification was made with a carefully deigned PCB with no device socket.

PFD section

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------|---|----------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| f_{max} | Maximum operation frequency | | 38 | | | MHz |
| t_{PLZ} | PFD output disable time from low level | | | 20 | 40 | ns |
| t_{PHZ} | PFD output disable time from high level | | | 20 | 40 | ns |
| t_{PZL} | PFD output enable time to low level | | | 4 | 20 | ns |
| t_{PZH} | PFD output enable time to high level | | | 4.3 | 20 | ns |
| t_r | Rise time | $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ | | 2.1 | 10 | ns |
| t_f | Fall time | $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ | | 1.3 | 10 | ns |

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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

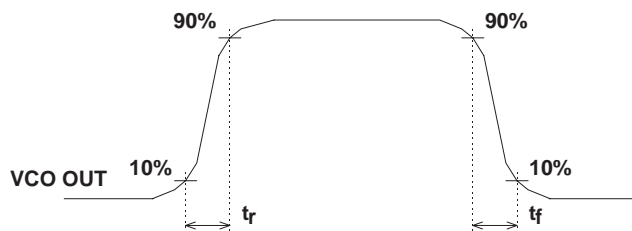


Figure 3. VCO Output Voltage Waveform

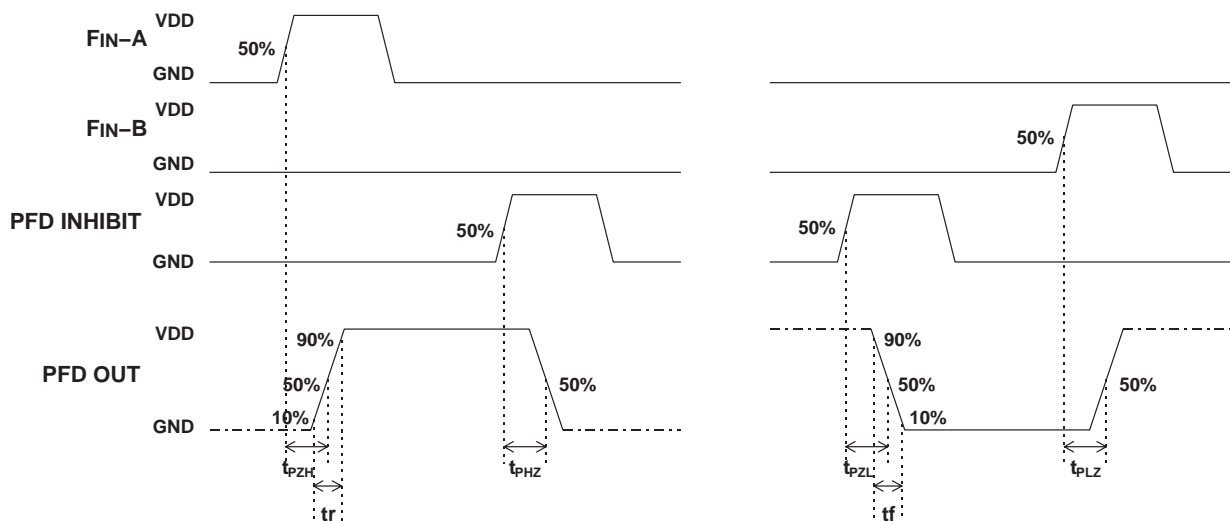


Figure 4. PFD Output Voltage Waveform

Table 4. PFD Output Test Conditions

| PARAMETER | R_L | C_L | S1 | S2 |
|-----------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|
| t_{pZH} | 1 k Ω | 15 pF | OPEN | CLOSE |
| t_{pHZ} | | | | |
| t_r | | | | |
| t_{pZL} | | | CLOSE | OPEN |
| t_{pLZ} | | | | |
| t_f | | | | |

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

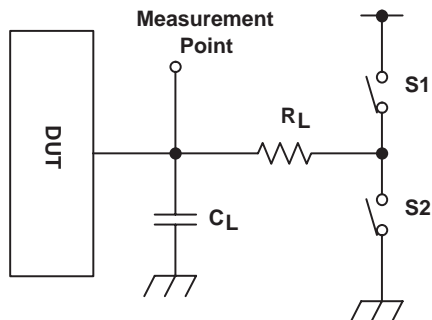


Figure 5. PFD Output Test Conditions

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

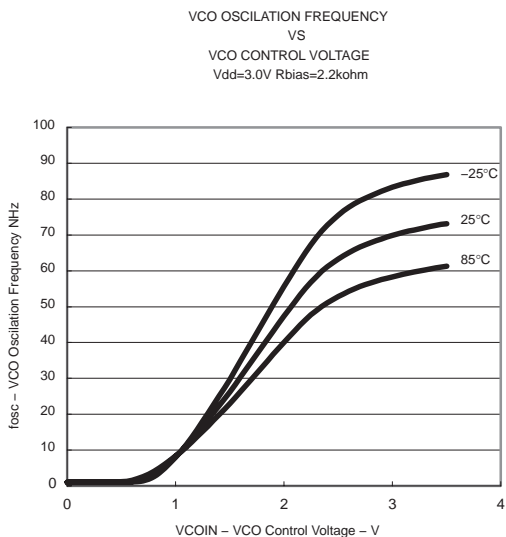


Figure 6.

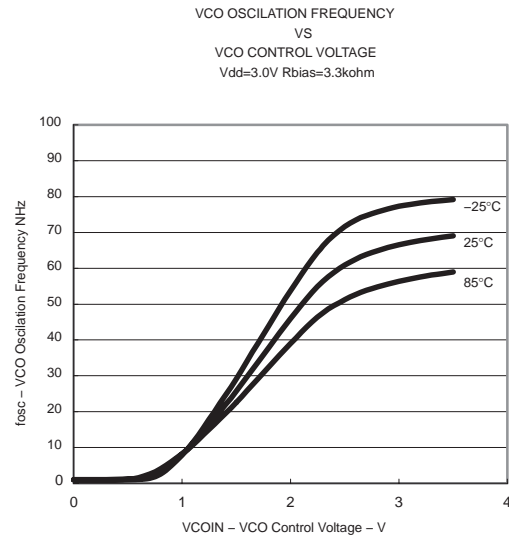


Figure 7.

TLC2932A HIGH PERFORMANCE PHASE LOCKED LOOP

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

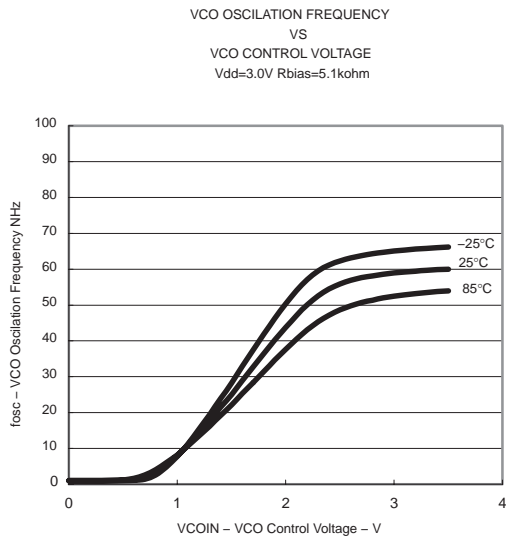


Figure 8.

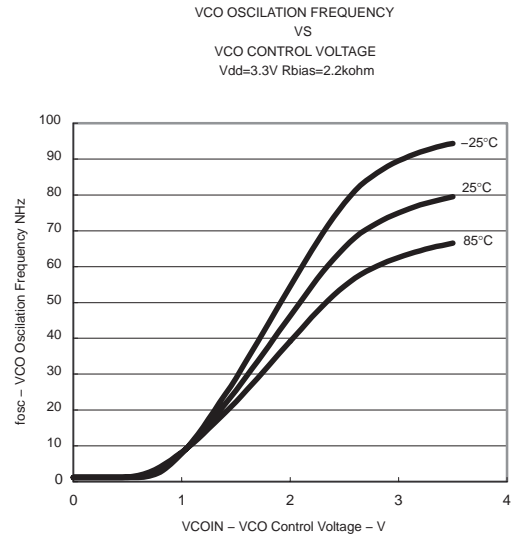


Figure 9.

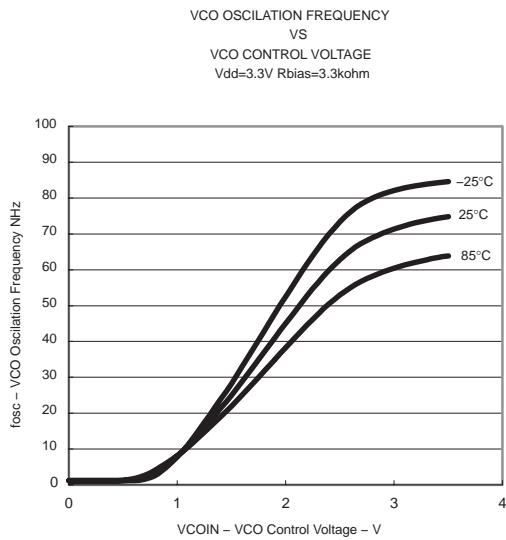


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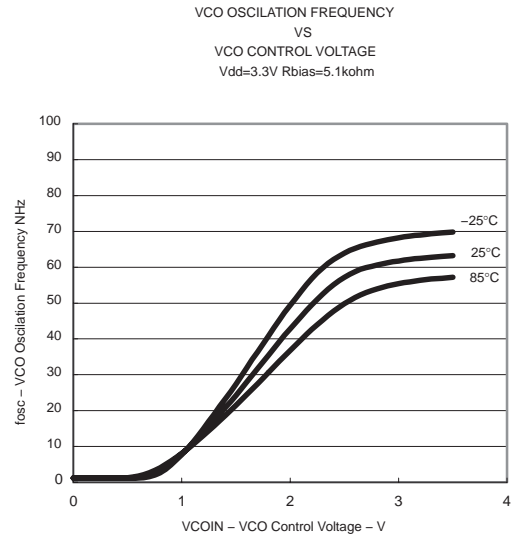


Figure 11.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

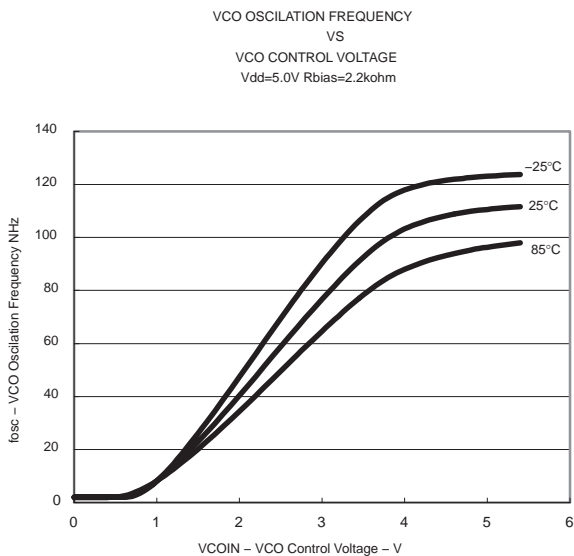


Figure 12.

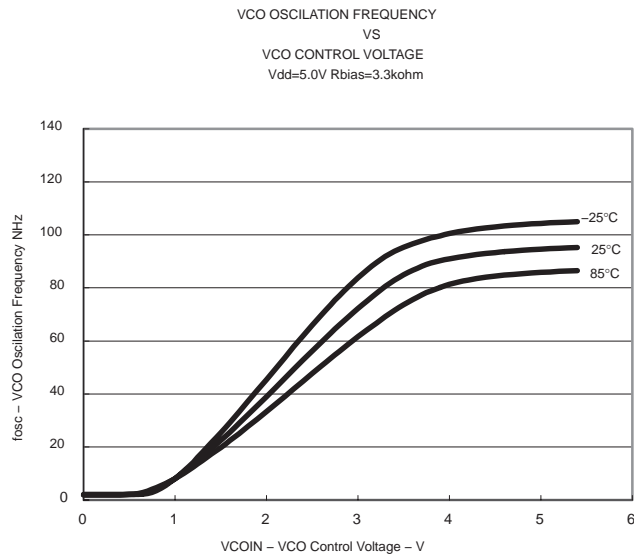


Figure 13.

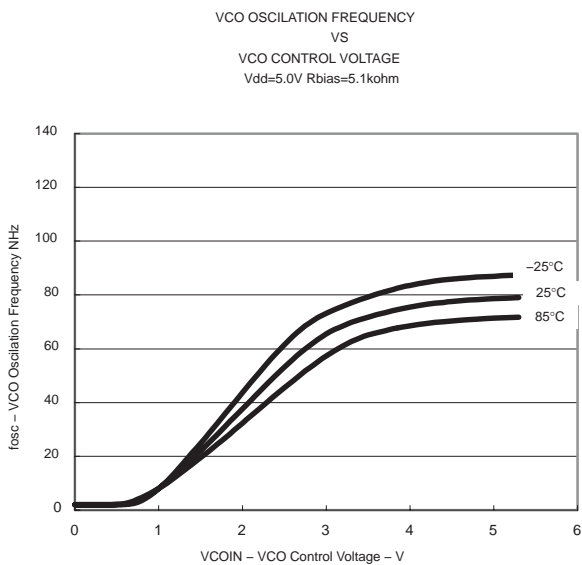


Figure 14.

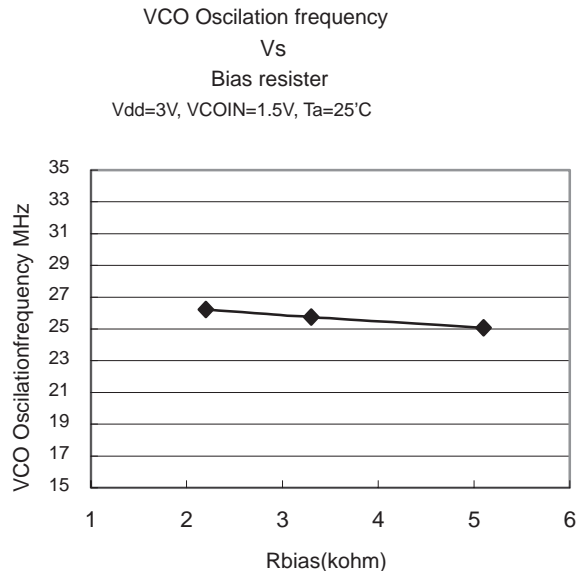


Figure 15.

TLC2932A HIGH PERFORMANCE PHASE LOCKED LOOP

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

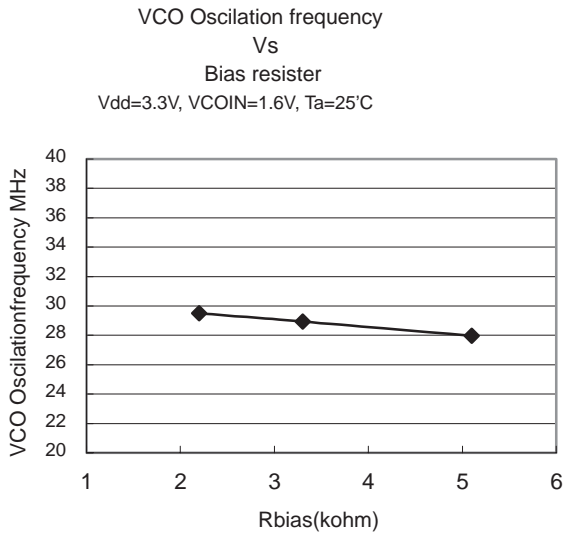


Figure 16.

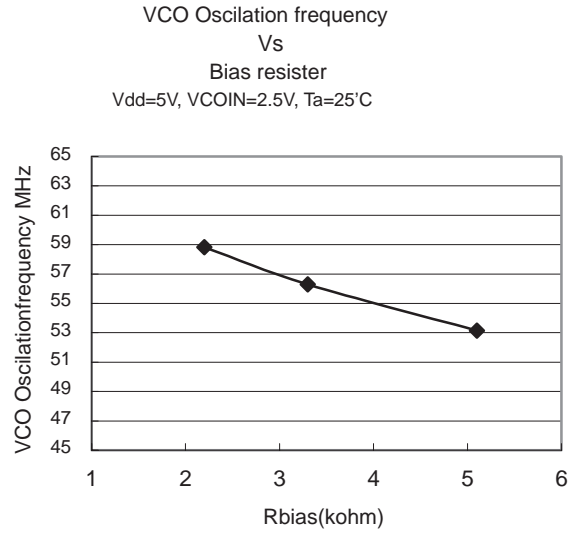


Figure 17.

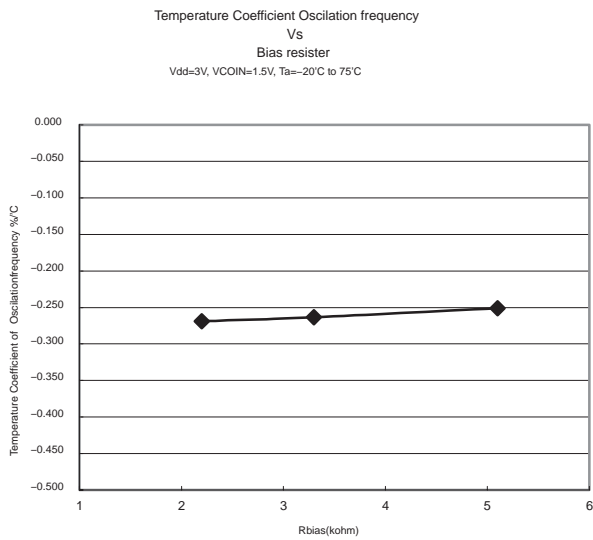


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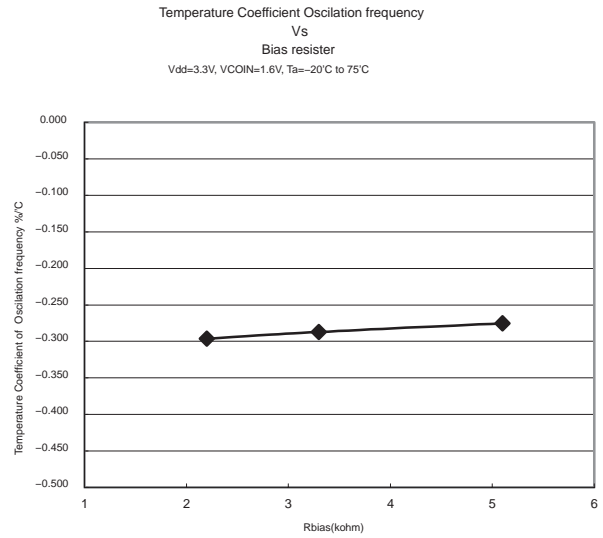


Figure 19.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

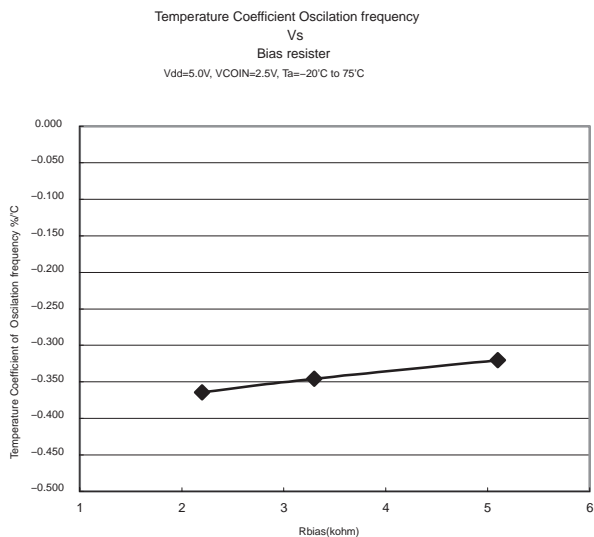


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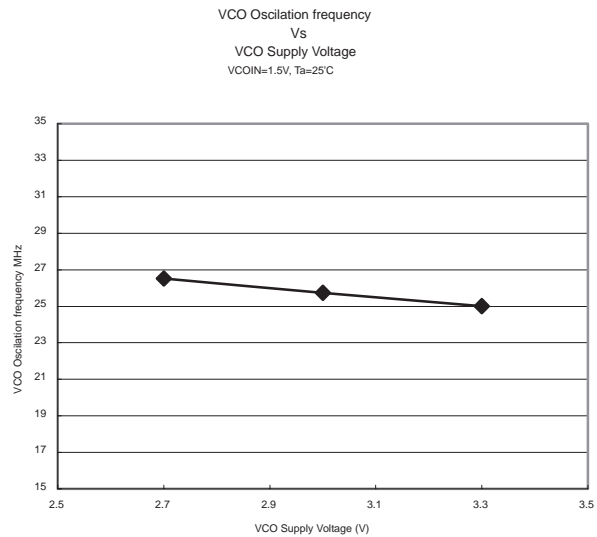


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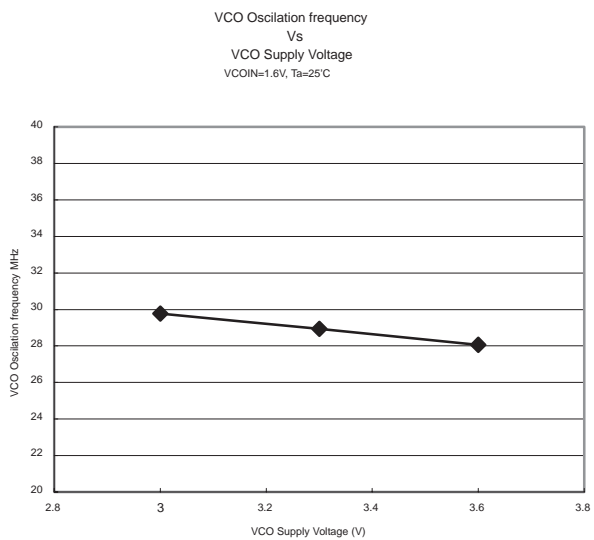


Figure 22.

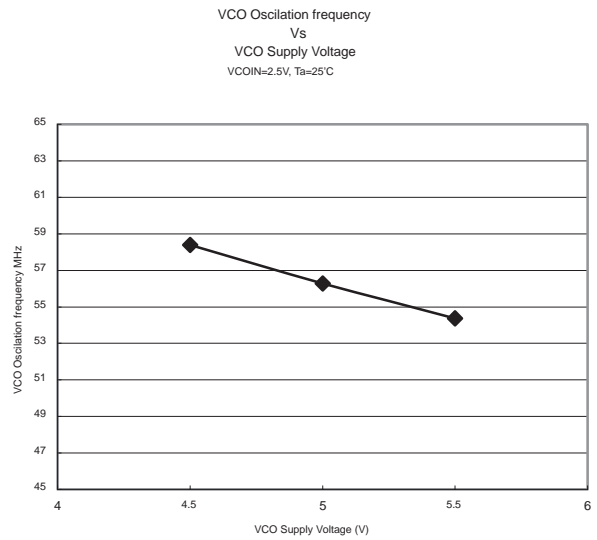


Figure 23.

TLC2932A HIGH PERFORMANCE PHASE LOCKED LOOP

SLES150 – OCTOBER 2005

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

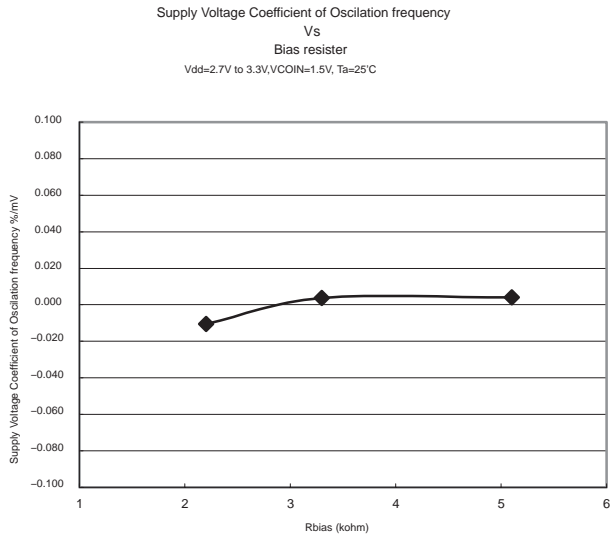


Figure 24.

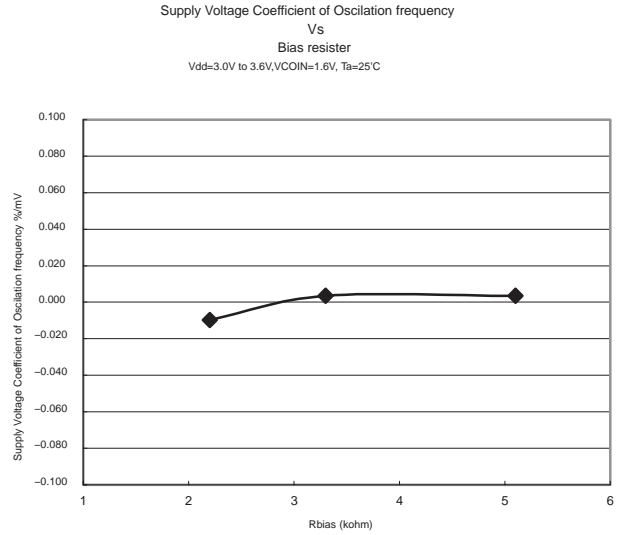


Figure 25.

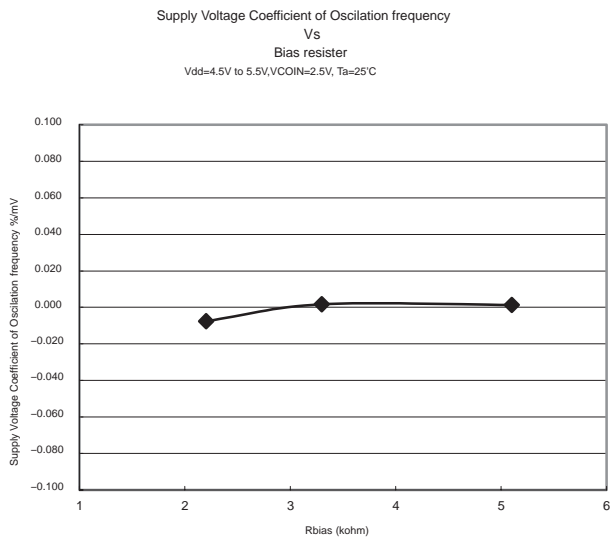


Figure 26.

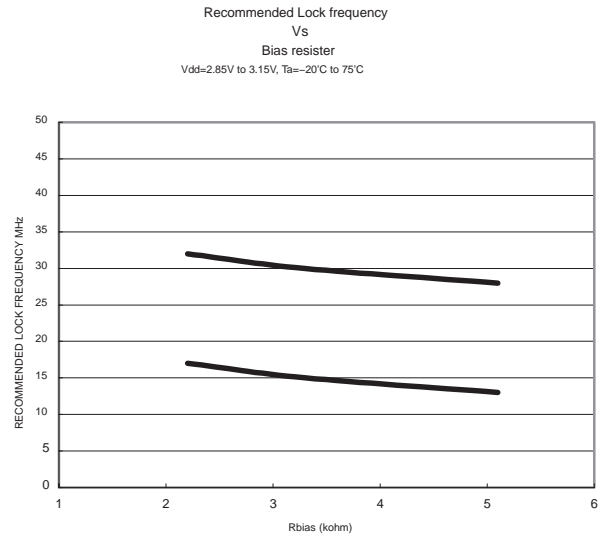


Figure 27.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

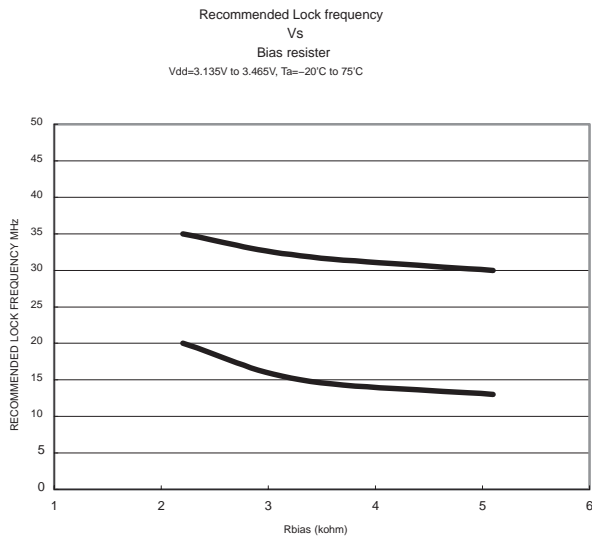


Figure 28.

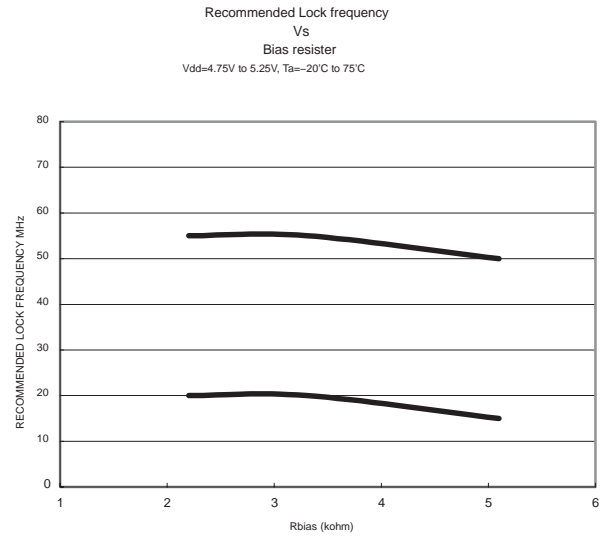


Figure 29.

PW (R-PDSO-G**)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

14 PINS SHOWN



4040064/F 01/97

- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
 D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

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